



**North Hampshire
Clinical Commissioning Group**

SECURITY POLICY - (STAFF, PREMISES AND ASSETS)

COR/030/V1.00

Subject and version number of document:	Security Policy (Staff, Premises and Assets).
Unique Reference Number:	COR/030/V1.00
Operative date:	8 September 2016
Author:	Simon Zammit (Local Security Management Specialist)
Review date:	September 2017
For action by:	All CCG staff, members, contractors and visitors.
Policy statement:	This policy covers the security of staff and property within North Hampshire CCG and focuses on sustaining and improving existing physical and personal security. It supports the legal duty to provide a safe and secure environment.
Responsibility for dissemination to new staff:	Line Managers NHCCG Induction Publication via CCG website
Training Implications:	All new staff at induction and existing staff upon renewal of significant elements of the policy.
Further details and additional copies available from:	NHS North Hampshire CCG website: http://www.northhampshireccg.nhs.uk/ Via CCG Business Development team
Equality Analysis Completed?	This document includes a section about Equality Analysis (previously called Equality Impact Assessment), the aim being to encourage and support policy developers to demonstrate 'due regard' to the Equality Act 2010. This will be achieved if all new policies are assessed for equality impact at an early stage, and records kept of the equality analysis process and any actions identified.
Consultation Process	NHS North Hampshire CCG: Finance and Performance Committee Governing Body
Approved by:	NHS North Hampshire CCG: Finance and Performance Committee
Date approved:	8 September 2016
Ratified by:	NHS North Hampshire CCG: Governing Body
Date ratified:	24 November 2016

Intranet and Website Upload:

Intranet	Electronic Document Library Location:	Not applicable
Website	Location in FOI Publication Scheme	http://www.northhamshireccg.nhs.uk/documents/
Keywords:	Security, Safeguarding, Health and Safety, property, premises, secure	

Amendments Summary:

Amend No	Issued	Page(s)	Subject	Action Date
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				

Review Log:

Include details of when the document was last reviewed:

Version Number	Review Date	Name of Reviewer	Ratification Process	Notes

SECURITY POLICY (STAFF, PREMISES AND ASSETS)

Contents

1.0	INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE	5
1.1	INTRODUCTION	5
1.2	NHS PROTECT	5
1.3	PURPOSE	5
2.	SCOPE AND DEFINITIONS	5
2.1	SCOPE	5
2.2	DEFINITIONS	6
3.0	PROCESS / REQUIREMENTS.....	6
3.1	RISK MANAGEMENT.....	6
3.2	MANAGING VIOLENT & ABUSIVE BEHAVIOUR BY MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC	7
3.3	STAFF SUPPORT FOLLOWING AN INCIDENT OR NEAR MISS	8
3.4	POST INCIDENT INVESTIGATIONS.....	8
3.5	LONE WORKING (FOR GREATER DETAIL REFER ALSO TO THE CCG LONE WORKING POLICY).....	8
3.5.1	LONE WORKER RISK ASSESSMENTS	9
3.5.2	OFFICE BASED LONE WORKING.....	9
3.5.3	TRAVELLING ALONE OR WORKING OFFSITE ON CCG BUSINESS	9
3.6	PHYSICAL SECURITY	10
3.6.1	SECURITY OF BUILDINGS AND OFFICES	10
3.6.2	VISITORS/CONTRACTORS	10
3.6.3	STAFF IDENTIFICATION	10
3.6.4	CHALLENGING PERSONS NOT DISPLAYING A VALID ID BADGE	10
3.6.5	PROVISION OF SECURITY SYSTEMS	10
3.7	SECURITY INCIDENTS & REPORTING PROCESS	10
3.7.1	REPORTING PROCESS	11
3.8	SECURITY OF ASSETS	11
3.9	FIRE SAFETY	11
3.10	COUNTER TERRORISM.....	11
3.10.1	TELEPHONE BOMB THREATS.....	11
4.	ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES.....	12
4.1	THE CCG GOVERNING BODY.....	12
4.2	SECURITY MANAGEMENT DIRECTOR (SMD)	12
4.3	HEADS OF DEPARTMENT.....	12
4.4	HAMPSHIRE AND ISLE OF WIGHT FRAUD AND SECURITY MANAGEMENT (HIOWF&SMS).....	13
4.5	LOCAL SECURITY MANAGEMENT SPECIALIST (LSMS).....	13
4.6	RISK MANAGER	13
4.7	HEALTH & SAFETY ADVISOR	13
4.8	TEAM MANAGERS	13
4.10	RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE EMPLOYEE	14
5.	TRAINING	15
6.	SUCCESS CRITERIA	15
7.	REFERENCE DOCUMENTATION	15
8.	EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT	16
9.	MONITORING AND REVIEW	17
Appendix A	North Hampshire CCG HQ Security Procedures COR-017 v2.....	App page 1 (19)
Appendix B	Calling the Police for assistance flowchart	App page 2 (22)
Appendix C	Telephone Bomb Threat flowchart	App page 3 (23)

1.0 INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE

1.1 Introduction

The CCG recognises and accepts its obligations relating to the management of security so far as is reasonably practicable. Security of people, premises and assets within the CCG is the concern of ALL of its members, employees and contractors. The CCG will ensure that all possible measures are taken to deliver a properly secure environment for all who work for it.

The CCG also has a responsibility to ensure that all services it commissions on behalf of its population are appropriately protected from crime and misuse. This is provided for in Service Condition 24 of the NHS Standard Provider Contract (2015). The arrangements will apply to providers as contracts are put in place or renewed.

1.2 NHS Protect

NHS Protect leads on work to safeguard NHS staff and resources from crime. It provides support, advice and guidance in this area to organisations across the NHS. NHS Protect works closely with NHS England to ensure organisations commissioning and providing NHS services meet nationally mandated standards in regard to anti-crime work.

1.3 Purpose

To provide local leadership within the CCG areas of responsibility for NHS crime reduction and prevention work by applying an approach that is strategic, coordinated, risk and evidence based.

To work in partnership with the NHS England, NHS Protect and provider organisations, as well as non-health sector stakeholders, to coordinate the delivery of our work and to take action against those who commit offences against the NHS.

To establish a safe and secure environment that has systems and policies in place to: protect staff from violence, harassment and abuse; safeguard NHS property and assets from theft, misappropriation or criminal damage.

The CCG provides for the day to day management of security through the post of Local Security Manager Specialist (LSMS).

2. SCOPE AND DEFINITIONS

2.1 Scope

This policy covers the security of staff and property within North Hampshire CCG and focuses on sustaining and improving existing physical and personal security.

The CCG is committed to providing a safe and secure environment for its staff and visitors and to maintaining the security of its premises and assets.

The CCG believes that effective security is an integrated function of all organisational activity. The responsibility for compliance with this policy is delegated to all employees to an extent consistent with their position. Put simply, Security is everyone's' business.

The CCG Security Policy supports the Policy and work of NHS Protect

2.2 **Definitions**

Arson – Causing deliberate or negligent damage to any property by means of fire

Burglary – Entering a building or part of a building without lawful authority and committing a criminal act (arson, theft, criminal damage, sexual assault).

Criminal Damage – Deliberate or negligent damage caused to any property or asset, includes vandalism and graffiti

Harassment - where a person or organisation is made to feel alarmed or distressed by another person's actions. The prosecution has to prove that a reasonable person would have known that the behaviour would create distress or fear. The harassment must have happened on at least two occasions.

Hazard - this is a natural or accidental situation that could cause harm (in terms of lone working, an example would be the absence of a functioning telephone)

LSMS – Local Security Management Specialist, (accredited trained person)

Non-Physical Assault – The use of inappropriate words or behaviour which is causing distress and/or constituting harassment.

Physical Assault – The use of physical violence against a person, without lawful justification, resulting in physical, psychological or emotional injury

Physical Security – The measures taken to either prevent a direct attempt to gain access to premises/assets or to reduce the potential damage and injuries that can be inflicted should an incident occur.

Risk – this is the likelihood versus the potential consequence of a hazard/threat causing harm.

Stalking - the name given to a form of harassment where an individual is made to feel alarmed or distressed by another person's actions.

Theft – taking someone else's property dishonestly, with the intention of never returning it. OR having permission to take something treats it as if the owner by disposing of it or lending it to a third party.

Threat – this is a person based issue that could cause harm (in terms of lone working, an example would be having to deal with a violent or abusive individual)

3.0 **PROCESS / REQUIREMENTS**

3.1 **Risk Management**

Risk management is to be at the heart of all security and crime prevention work. All risk management work is to comply with the provisions of the organisation's Risk Management Policy.

The LSMS will conduct a premises security risk assessment, which will be reviewed annually for the CCG HQ.

Risk assessments will be undertaken in accordance with the CCGs Health and Safety Policy.

The CCG's Competent Person will ensure that the risk assessment and any action plans are reviewed on an annual basis by the Finance and Performance Committee. The LSMS

annual and periodic reports will also include a review of the organisational action plan and a report on progress regarding its implementation.

ALL risk assessments will be properly recorded and retained in accordance with records retention policy.

3.1.1 Security Alerts

The LSMS will receive security risk alerts from NHS Protect and other local partners. On receipt of these, they will assess the applicability of the identified risks to the organisation and its staff, forwarding the assessment and a recommendation of appropriate action to the Security Management Director. The SMD will make an executive decision as to whether to accept the assessment and recommended actions.

3.2 Managing Violent & Abusive Behaviour By Members Of The Public

Whilst assuming a zero tolerance stance regarding violence and aggression is desired it has been accepted nationally that this is not realistic. However, the CCG will consider all incidents individually and with particular sensitivity, taking full account of, and support for, the wishes of victims as much as it is reasonably practicable in the circumstances.

All line managers and departmental heads need to ensure the following actions are carried out for all activities and locations:

- Role based risk assessments – must be formally recorded in accordance with the organisations Health and Safety Policy.
- Implementation of risk mitigation/control measures, including staff training.
- The prompt reporting of ALL incidents of violence and aggression (verbal or physical).
- The wellbeing of the victim following an assault.
- All assaults on staff members are immediately reported to the police and LSMS
- That any member of staff who becomes a victim is fully supported and is referred for counselling – if necessary.

Part of the incident handling process should involve a root cause analysis and plans for prevention of repetition of the incident.

All employees and those acting on behalf of the CCG must incorporate good working practices together with security measures as part of an overall requirement. The CCG will have systems in place to ensure an appropriate response to incidents including:

- Recording all incidents on an effective database (Datix), whereby trends can be identified and risks assessed.
- Routine reports indicating trends and the needs for action to be taken in compliance with all relevant security policies

The CCG is committed to minimising aggression against its staff and will consider measures to achieve this including:

- Instructor lead training in Conflict Resolution for any staff with regular contact with the public who are in role identified as being in a moderate or high risk role based on a formal documented risk assessment;
- E-learning based training in Conflict Resolution for all other staff

- The LSMS will speak on personal safety and security awareness at Team Training Days (as requested);
- On-going risk analysis by managers;
- Being supportive to staff identified as being at risk.
- Taking management action in line with the national framework of sanctions produced by NHS Protect.

3.3 Staff Support Following an Incident or Near Miss

The CCG will fully support employees who report an incident. When an offence is committed against persons or NHS property within the CCG and the culprit is identified, it is the policy of the CCG to report the matter to the police and seek redress and/or sanction where appropriate. An Adverse Incident Report (AIR) (see NHCCG Internal Incident Reporting Procedure) must be completed for all incidents or near misses.

Employees are to report the full details to their appropriate manager/supervisor immediately before referral to any other agencies, e.g. Occupational Health, Human Resources, etc. (except in the case of incidents requiring an immediate Emergency Services presence or response).

The CCG provides staff with access to a counselling service from Right Management. Information is available via their website: www.wellness.rightmanagement.co.uk/login or by telephone 24/7 at 0800 1116 387.

Following an incident, managers must ensure that staff members are given the opportunity to discuss the incident and receive assistance in the preparation of reports on the incident.

Managers must arrange for staff to have time off to attend supportive agencies if required. Staff may wish to consult with their professional staff organisation or trade union or LSMS to obtain further advice and assistance.

3.4 Post Incident Investigations

After any incident of violence or aggression against an employee, line and service managers are to ensure that a root cause analysis is conducted and that a copy of the Risk Assessment for the task which was being undertaken by the victim at the time is immediately forwarded to the LSMS.

3.5 Lone Working (for greater detail and forms refer to the CCG Lone Working Policy)

Working alone is not prohibited by health and safety legislation and it will often be safe to work in this way. However, the law requires employers to consider carefully, and then deal with, any health and safety risks for people working alone.

The broad duties of the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974, the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999, the Corporate Manslaughter and Corporate Homicide Act 2007, the Safety Representative and Safety Committees Regulations 1977, the Health and Safety (Consultation with Employees) Regulations 1996, apply.

These require the identification of hazards associated with lone working, assessment of the risks involved and putting in place measures to avoid or control the risks.

3.5.1 Lone Worker Risk Assessments

Risk assessments must be carried out by line managers with all staff as part of the induction process. The assessments must be recorded, re-examined at regular intervals and communicated to all who could be affected or identified by the risk assessment. Re-assessment where applicable must take place annually as a matter of routine; more frequently in the event that there is a significant change in the individual's role and responsibilities, work base or disability / health status.

Measures to control the risks should take account of normal working conditions and foreseeable emergency situations such as fire, equipment failure, illness and accidents. When considering safe working arrangements, line managers should follow a hierarchical system based on the following:

- Identify who is operating as a lone worker;
- Identify any possible risk(s);
- Assess the likelihood and consequences of each risk;
- Avoidance of the risk where possible;
- Control of the risk as far as reasonably practicable;
- Evaluation and review of the effectiveness of control measures.

3.5.2 Office Based Lone Working

Where managers or employees are required to work alone in the organisation's headquarters, or other premises, they should ensure that where appropriate local premises management/security personnel are aware as are colleagues.

In locations where there is no premises management or security presence, they should ensure colleagues are aware of their late/lone working along with family members and ensure there is a process established to check on the welfare of the employee.

They are to take all reasonable steps to ensure their own safety, by ensuring access to their work areas are controlled so as only authorised persons may enter or leave.

On departure, lone workers are to ensure the offices are properly secure, and where appropriate any intruder alarm is set. Prior to exiting the secure area, they should look to see if there is any hazard or threat between them and their method of transport if practicable. They should notify their previously mentioned colleague and/or family member that they are about to leave and how long it is likely to be before they get home.

3.5.3 Travelling Alone or working offsite on CCG Business

When working offsite, each team/base/department must have in place locally agreed robust systems to ensure that at least one other work colleague expressly knows (please refer to the *CCG Lone Working Policy: Appendix 1 for the Lone Worker Guidelines and Appendix 2 for Lone Worker flow chart*) for example of how this can be captured:

- The planned work schedule (to include who is to be visited, the addresses/contact numbers and expected time and duration of visits).
- The details of the staff member's vehicle being used.
- The physical description of the staff member i.e. height/clothing/distinctive features i.e. including photograph.

- The staff members contact details (mobile phone number, where available).
- Emergency contact name and number.
- Home phone number to be contacted should they forget to contact base.

3.6 PHYSICAL SECURITY

3.6.1 Security of buildings and offices

All buildings and offices are to be fully secured when not in use. Desks are to be cleared at the end of each day and pedestals are to be locked. No keys are to be left insecure.

3.6.2 Visitors/Contractors

All contractors and visitors to CCG premises for business purposes should be signed in and out of the premises. There will be a visitor log held in the CCG. The member of staff who is responsible for the visitor/contractor will then arrange for the visitor to be escorted at all times whilst on the premises.

3.6.3 Staff Identification

This policy requires that all staff display their CCG identification badges while at work. Staff members are to ensure their badges are visible at all times while at work.

3.6.4 Challenging persons not displaying a valid ID Badge

Any unescorted person who is seen not wearing a visible CCG ID badge whom is found in any non-public area should be challenged. A polite but assertive challenge should be all that is required for that person to identify themselves, such as, 'Can I help you?' Suspicious behaviour should be reported to your manager and the LSMS.

3.6.5 Provision of Security Systems

The CCG is responsible for funding any security measures at premises that is solely beneficial to the organisation and would be sited within the boundaries of its tenancy.

The landlord is responsible for all whole site security and any measures intended to protect multiple tenants.

Should the CCG identify the need for additional measures within its areas, the LSMS must be asked to produce an "operational requirement" prior to any liaison with the landlord.

3.7 Security Incidents & Reporting Process

The CCG expects that patients, clients, relatives and any users of its services will behave in a manner that respects its staff while providing care in a patient's home or premises. The CCG will not tolerate any form of violence or abuse of staff, visitors and property. Behaviours that are unacceptable within the CCG include:

- Violence including assaults
- Threatening or abusive language
- Threats or threatening behaviour
- Damage to CCG property
- Derogatory, racial or sexual remarks
- Repetitive vexatious complaints

- Theft
- Anti-Social Behaviour

3.7.1 Reporting Process

On receipt of any report of any of crime or security incident, individuals/managers are to raise an incident report. **In addition** they are to inform the LSMS by e-mail within 24 hours of the incident. The LSMS will provide advice and guidance on appropriate responses in accordance with this policy.

3.8 Security of Assets

A register of all business critical assets should be created and maintained irrespective of value.

The asset register is to be kept secure and only authorised persons allowed access to it and see its contents.

Details recorded within the asset register should include:

- Make and Model – all details about the item available at receipt of purchase.
- Description – full description of the item being recorded
- Serial numbers of the item(s)
- Location / department where the item(s) are located

Where possible all assets should be indelibly marked with a unique reference number.

This provision does not apply to information or IT assets which are covered in the relevant policies.

3.9 Fire Safety

The overlapping interests of security and fire safety policies are fully recognised and there will be full cooperation between the Fire Safety Officer and the LSMS in regard to physical security of premises.

3.10 Counter Terrorism

Whilst there is no evidence to suggest that the NHS is any more at risk from terrorism than other public service organisations, staff should maintain a level of alertness commensurate with the fact that staff and visitors may be members of military families. Counter terrorism guidance can be found on the MI5 and Centre for Protection of the National Infrastructure websites. www.mi5.gov.uk.

3.10.1 Telephone Bomb Threats

Making such malicious calls is an offence contrary to Section 51 of the Criminal Law Act 1977 and should always be reported to the police. The procedure in the Premises Security Plan must be used in event of the organisation receiving such a call:

In all cases it is important to telephone the police immediately with details of the call.

The message may be brief and the caller may ring off before detailed information can be obtained. However, try and obtain what information you can. The four key rules are:

- Keep calm.

- Try to obtain as much information as possible from the call.
- Keep the line open even after the caller has hung up.
- Report the call to your manager.

This is easier said than done. Do not underestimate the stress of receiving a threatening call - it can put the best intentions out of mind until the caller has rung off and it is too late to try to get more details.

If at all possible, the person receiving such a call should signal to a colleague to listen in on the same extension. Another person listening on the line may help to remember important facts afterwards.

- Keep the caller talking for as long as possible.
- Complete the questionnaire in the CCG Telephone Bomb Threat procedure (Appendix B) as soon as possible.
- Try to ask questions in sequence using as natural a voice as possible.
- Remember **DON'T HANG UP**

4. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

4.1 The CCG Governing Body

The CCG Governing Body is responsible for ensuring that legal obligations are met in line with the risk management agenda and that resources are made available to ensure that the premises are maintained in a physical secure condition.

4.2 Security Management Director (SMD)

An SMD will be nominated to take overall responsibility for all aspects of Local Security Management matters, with priority for dealing with matters of violence against staff, ensuring measures to address the following areas are implemented:

- Lone worker safety
- Prevention and management of violence and aggression against staff
- Protection of assets, medications prescription forms and hazardous materials

The current SMD is the Chief Financial Officer

4.3 Heads of Department

It is the responsibility of all Heads of Department to:

- Communicate the content and requirements of the Security Policy within the area of their responsibility
- Ensure the implementation of the Security Policy within the area of their responsibility by providing support and advice to their managers.
- The CCG Business Services Manager will co-ordinate security issues with other employers who share the worksite with the CCG

4.4 Hampshire and Isle of Wight Fraud and Security Management (HloWF&SMS)

The Security Management Service sits within the above team hosted by North Hampshire CCG. It supplies the Local Security Management Specialist, and as such this organisation provides services to the CCG.

4.5 Local Security Management Specialist (LSMS)

The nominated Local Security Management Specialists (LSMS) are to provide professional skills and expertise to tackle security management issues across a range of proactive and reactive action. The overall objective of the LSMS will be to work on behalf of the CCG to deliver an environment that is safe and secure so that the highest standards of clinical care can be made available to patients.

4.6 Competent Person

The Business Services Manager is the current Competent Person for the CCG and is responsible for ensuring that all security related Adverse Event Reports are notified within 24hrs of receipt (Mon – Fri) to the LSMS and for providing a copy of the individual forms. The Business Development Team has responsibility for ensuring that all received security incidents are registered on the CCG database (Datix) and for providing information to the LSMS on trends and incidents.

4.7 Health & Safety Advisor

The Competent Person is also responsible for working with the LSMS to ensure that H&S aspects of security incidents are dealt with in the appropriate manner.

4.8 Team Managers

The team managers have an overview of matters relating to security, violence prevention and personal safety within their own area and will work with the LSMS to ensure the operational implementation of the Security Policy.

They will:

- Work with the LSMS to improve all aspects of security within their own areas by supporting, where practicable, all security improvements recommended by the LSMS
- Work with the LSMS to ensure that security surveys for all the CCG premises are carried out, recorded and appropriately acted upon.
- Liaise with managers and departmental heads in matters of security as appropriate

4.9 All Managers

Security is the responsibility of all managers and departmental heads who must undertake preventative measures for the safety of staff and property. It is their job to see that the right policies, procedures and systems are in place in their local areas and that such policies are kept under constant review. They will carry out risk assessments and ensure that staff are trained and receive relevant instruction and training.

It is the individual manager and responsibility to ensure that safe and secure environments are maintained and that all incidents are fully reported and that action is taken when necessary. They are to inform the LSMS of all security incidents immediately on being notified. This is to be followed up by a confirmatory e-mail. This is to contain full details of the incident.

Managers are to implement a procedure to record details i.e. make, model, serial number etc. of all valuable or important property within their Department. The LSMS can advise on methods to secure property.

They should also:

- Ensure that arrangements are made to secure the Department out of working hours together with the safe custody of keys.
- Ensure the correct use of any security system or device to protect the property out of hours.
- Ensure records are kept of all keys issued to staff in their Department and reporting all losses of keys to their Head of Department.
- Seek advice from the LSMS to ensure that the highest standard of security is maintained within their Department.
- Ensure all staff employed by the CCG, staff from other organisations working in the CCG offices, wear an ID badge at all times, visitors should not be left unescorted.
- Ensure that all staff are made aware of this Security Policy and fully understand its content and their responsibilities.
- Ensure that future job descriptions for all managers include, as part of their duties, the responsibility for security within their department.
- Managers need to assess the impact on security of new projects and proposed changes to services.

4.10 Responsibilities of the Employee

Security is the responsibility of all employees and they are expected to co-operate with management to achieve the aims, objectives and principles of the security policy. Great emphasis is placed on the importance of co-operation of all staff in observing security and combating crime.

Where employees become aware of actual or potential breaches of security, all such incidents must be reported in accordance with the CCG's Incident Reporting Policy

All staff must recognise the responsibility they have for the confidentiality of the information they hold and use, in particular patient information. They must comply with all local departmental procedures and protocols that ensure the security of that information and prevent it being compromised.

All employees are reminded that it is an offence to remove (or borrow) any the CCG property without written agreement from their departmental manager. Failure to do so could result in disciplinary action and/or criminal proceedings being taken.

Employees are responsible, at all times, for the protection and safe keeping of their private property. Any loss, theft or damage to private property from the CCG premises or while the staff member is on duty should also be reported.

5. TRAINING

The CCG recognises the need for effective training of staff to deal with security related issues and will, through the South Central and West CSU, Learning and Department and the LSMS, ensure security advice and training, is provided with regard to:

- Conflict Resolution Training to reduce the likelihood of assault.
 - This is mandatory training for all employees who deal with the public
- Crime reduction and prevention within the working environment;
- Responding promptly and effectively to all criminal events.

6. SUCCESS CRITERIA

That all CCG services have been considered for issues relevant to the organisational action plan through monitoring and receipt of Risk Assessments by the LSMS

The Annual Self Review Tool and Work Plan and LSMS' interim reports will be reviewed on a quarterly basis by the CCG Audit Committee.

The LSMS, through the SMD is to present an annual report to the CCG Audit Committee highlighting the year's activities and achievements and identifying challenges for the coming year

7. REFERENCE DOCUMENTATION

Health and Safety at Work Act 1974. London: The Stationary Office.

NHS Counter Fraud and Security Management Service (2005) *Safe and Secure. How you can help the NHS Protect itself*. NHS CFSMS.

NHS Counter Fraud and Security Management Service. (2003). *A professional Approach to Managing Security in the NHS*. NHS CFSMS

NHS Counter Fraud and Security Management Service (2005) NHS Security Management Manual NHS Protect

NHS Protect website: www.nhsbsa.nhs.uk/protect

ASSOCIATED CCG POLICIES

Risk Management Policy

Emergency Planning/Business Continuity Policy/Plan

Incident Reporting Policy

Health & Safety Policy

Lone Working Policy

8. EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT

<p>1. Title of policy/ programme/ framework being analysed</p>
<p>Security Policy (Staff, Premises and Assets)</p>
<p>2. Please state the aims and objectives of this work and the <i>intended equality outcomes</i>. How is this proposal linked to the organisation’s business plan and strategic equality objectives?</p> <p>This document sets out the policy by which the management of security, prevention and management of violence and aggression against staff and the protection of assets will be undertaken.</p> <p>It aims to protect all employees equally and establish a process for applying sanctions against any person who may abuse members of staff or organisational assets. This will enable staff to work in an environment free from the fear of abuse from the public, knowing that the organisation will support them in the event of an incident.</p>
<p>3. Who is likely to be affected? e.g. staff, patients, service users, carers</p> <p>Staff and any member of the public who acts in an unacceptable manner towards the organisation, its staff and/or assets</p>
<p>4. What evidence do you have of the potential impact (positive and negative)?</p> <p>Step one: Gather evidence</p> <p><i>Tackling crime against the NHS - A strategic approach</i>, NHS Protect (2013) <i>Unacceptable behaviour – Guidance on warning letters and other written communications</i>, NHS Protect (2013) <i>A Safer Place to Work: Protecting NHS Hospital and Ambulance Staff from Violence and Aggression</i>, National Audit Office, (2003) <i>Health and Safety at Work Act 1974</i> (and relevant amendments) <i>NHS Security Manual</i>, NHS Protect, 2015 edition</p> <p>Step two: Consider the impact</p> <p>The policy applies equally to all groups; it has no adverse impact on any single group and protects the rights of all to a safe and secure place to work.</p>
<p>4.1 Disability (Consider attitudinal, physical and social barriers)</p> <p>The only groups that may be affected will be those who have sight impairment or do not read English. Where such cases arise, the organisation should provide the assistance to the affected persons so they may understand the content.</p>
<p>4.2 Sex (Impact on men and women, potential link to carers below)</p> <p>Nil</p>
<p>4.3 Race (Consider different ethnic groups, nationalities, Roma Gypsies, Irish Travellers, language barriers, cultural differences).</p> <p>The policy is currently only available in English, this could prevent those who do not read English from understanding the content. Where such cases arise, the organisation should provide the assistance to the affected persons so they may understand the content.</p>

<p>4.4 Age (Consider across age ranges, on old and younger people. This can include safeguarding, consent and child welfare). Nil</p>
<p>4.5 Gender reassignment (Consider impact on transgender and transsexual people. This can include issues such as privacy of data and harassment). Nil</p>
<p>4.6 Sexual orientation (This will include lesbian, gay and bi-sexual people as well as heterosexual people). Nil</p>
<p>4.7 Religion or belief (Consider impact on people with different religions, beliefs or no belief) Nil</p>
<p>4.8 Marriage and Civil Partnership Nil</p>
<p>4.9 Pregnancy and maternity (This can include impact on working arrangements, part-time working, infant caring responsibilities). Nil</p>
<p>4.10 Carers Nil</p>
<p>4.11 Additional significant evidence (See Guidance Note) Nil</p>
<p>5 Action planning for improvement (See Guidance Note) Nil</p>
<p>Sign off</p>
<p>Name and signature of person who carried out this analysis Simon Zammit, Local Security Management Specialist</p>
<p>Date analysis completed 02/09/2015</p>
<p>Name and signature of responsible Director</p>
<p>Date analysis was approved by responsible Director</p>

9. MONITORING AND REVIEW

This policy will initially be reviewed on a three yearly rolling basis however it may be reviewed earlier in line with new guidance and with reference to Adverse Event Data, prosecution progress and Risk Assessment findings.

NHCCG HQ Security Procedures – Central 40 (NHCCG Procedure COR-017 v2)

1. Security of Premises

1.1 All staff are to ensure they comply with this procedure and are reminded that security is everyone's responsibility.

2. Access Control

2.1 Control of front entrances

Access to the CCG Headquarters, is controlled by means of North Hampshire CCG's electronic access control system. Entitled staff members will be issued with an access token on taking up their employment.

Staff are to ensure that the front entrance door into North Hampshire CCG offices closes properly and the lock engages when using it. This is to prevent unauthorised access to the office suite.

2.2 Reception of visitors

All visitors should be escorted from the main entrance to the person they wish to visit or be invited to remain at the reception whilst awaiting their sponsor.

2.3 Fire exits

Fire exits are not to be used for routine access and egress. They are to remain closed and should not be propped open. Anyone discovered improperly using the fire exits may be subjected to formal disciplinary procedures.

3. Authorisation of non-staff personnel required to work in the CCG premises

Any person who is required to conduct work on behalf of or with the organisation is to be provided with temporary identification, contractors who are required to conduct short periods of work within the premises are to openly display their company's staff identification.

Employees are to ensure that any person who they see with no visible identification and who is not personally known to them is politely and firmly challenged as to the purpose of their presence. Any response is to be properly checked.

4. Instructions to Telephonists and Departmental Staff

Should any telephoned threats of explosive devices or other terrorist related actions be received, the questionnaire at Appendix 2 should be completed. The phone should not be hung up at all.

Should an abusive telephone call be received, staff should silently beckon a colleague over to listen in, this will provide independent evidence should it be needed in an investigation. Contemporaneous notes should be made.

Should the police be needed to respond to an incident on site, the decision making process at Appendix 1 should be used.

5. Precautions against Theft

All business critical/valuable and/or attractive items or materials belonging to the organisation should be formally recorded in the organisations asset register/inventory in accordance with standing financial instructions. This document should be updated routinely and fully checked annually.

No item of equipment belonging to the organisation is to be removed from the premises without formal written approval of the department head. Such 'loans' are to be recorded along with the date and time of their eventual return.

All business critical/valuable items are to be kept fully secure when not in use.

Inventories and or asset registers are to record serial numbers and full descriptions of all items recorded. Where a serial number is not available an asset tag should be affixed with a unique reference number, details of which should be recorded in the register.

Employees Personal Possessions

The CCG accepts no liability for personal possessions brought into the organisations premises.

Staff should refrain from bringing cash, credit/debit cards and other valuable items to work. Where this is unavoidable, they should be kept on the person at all times. Personal possessions should not be left on the premises overnight.

6. Security of Cash, Postage Stamps and Official Stationery

Cash/Stamp holdings are to be kept to a minimum and are to be kept under lock and key. The location of such holdings is to be discrete with no visible signs of what is contained within.

7. Security of keys

Keys to safes and sensitive document cabinets/containers will be controlled at all times. The Business Services Manager is accountable for the keys relating to the locked cabinets which contain confidential corporate records including Staff and Clinical Lead contracts, Part 2 papers from CCG Governing body and associated committees

The Assistant Chief Finance Officer is accountable for the safe and its access

In case of an emergency call out/access to North Hampshire CCG HQ, contact Kingdom Security, the 24 hour security service, on 01256 708651 or security mobile 07470598770 who are our registered key holders.

8. Lighting & Computers

All lights and computers are to be turned off at the end of the working day.

9. Logistics

All items of equipment are to be recorded on delivery in the asset register in accordance with Standing Financial Instructions.

No Item of CCG property is to be removed from the premises without the written authority of a senior manager.

All items of equipment are only to be disposed of in accordance with Standing Financial Instructions.

10. Security of Information

All sensitive documents are to be kept fully secure at all times and should only be removed from their cabinet when required for working purposes.

All copies of sensitive documents are to be locked away at the end of the working day.

Any copies of sensitive documents that are not required are to be disposed of via the confidential waste system.

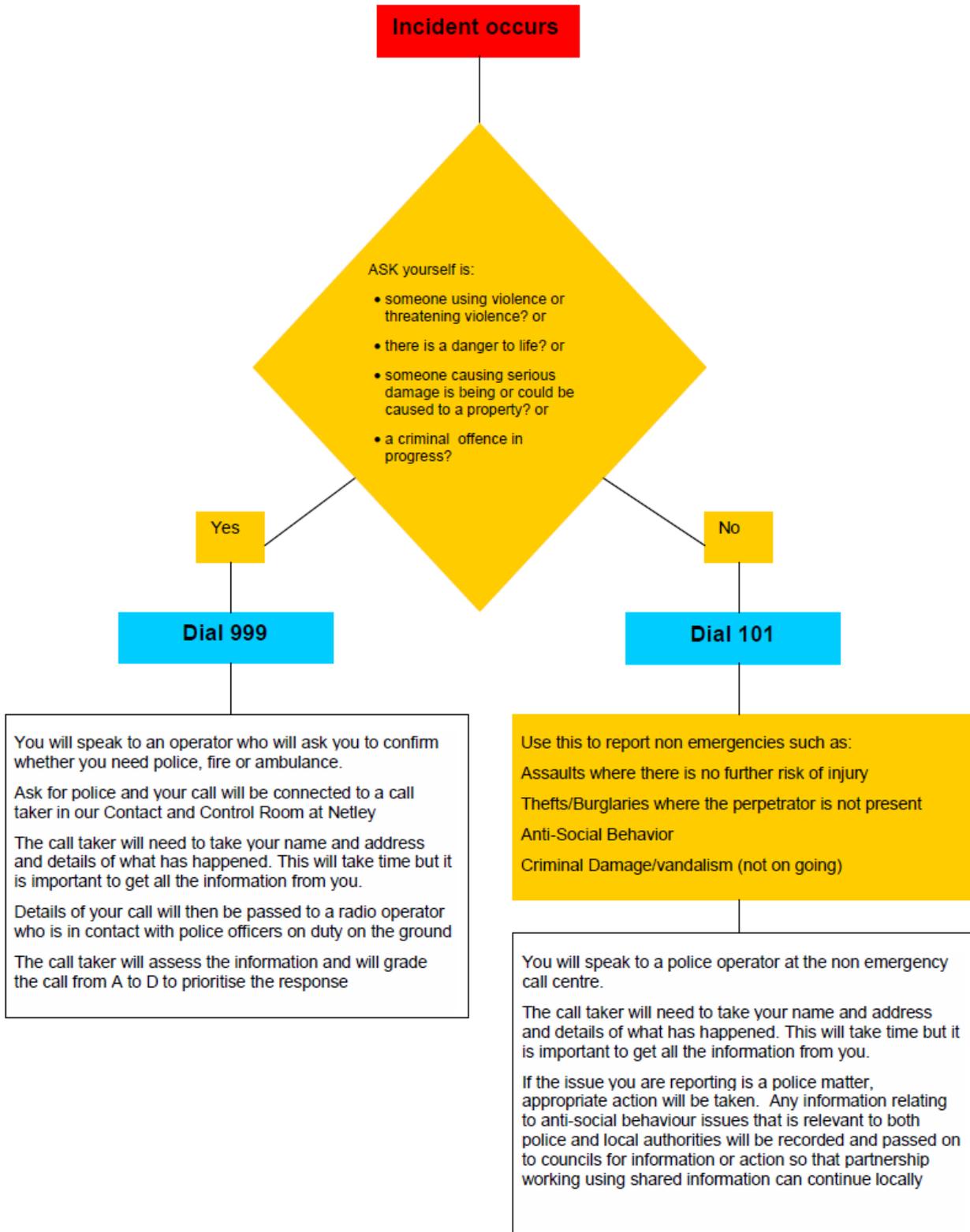
11. Reporting and Recording of Security Incidents

Any security or crime related incident is to be reported to the Local Security Management Specialist and Risk Manager as soon as possible

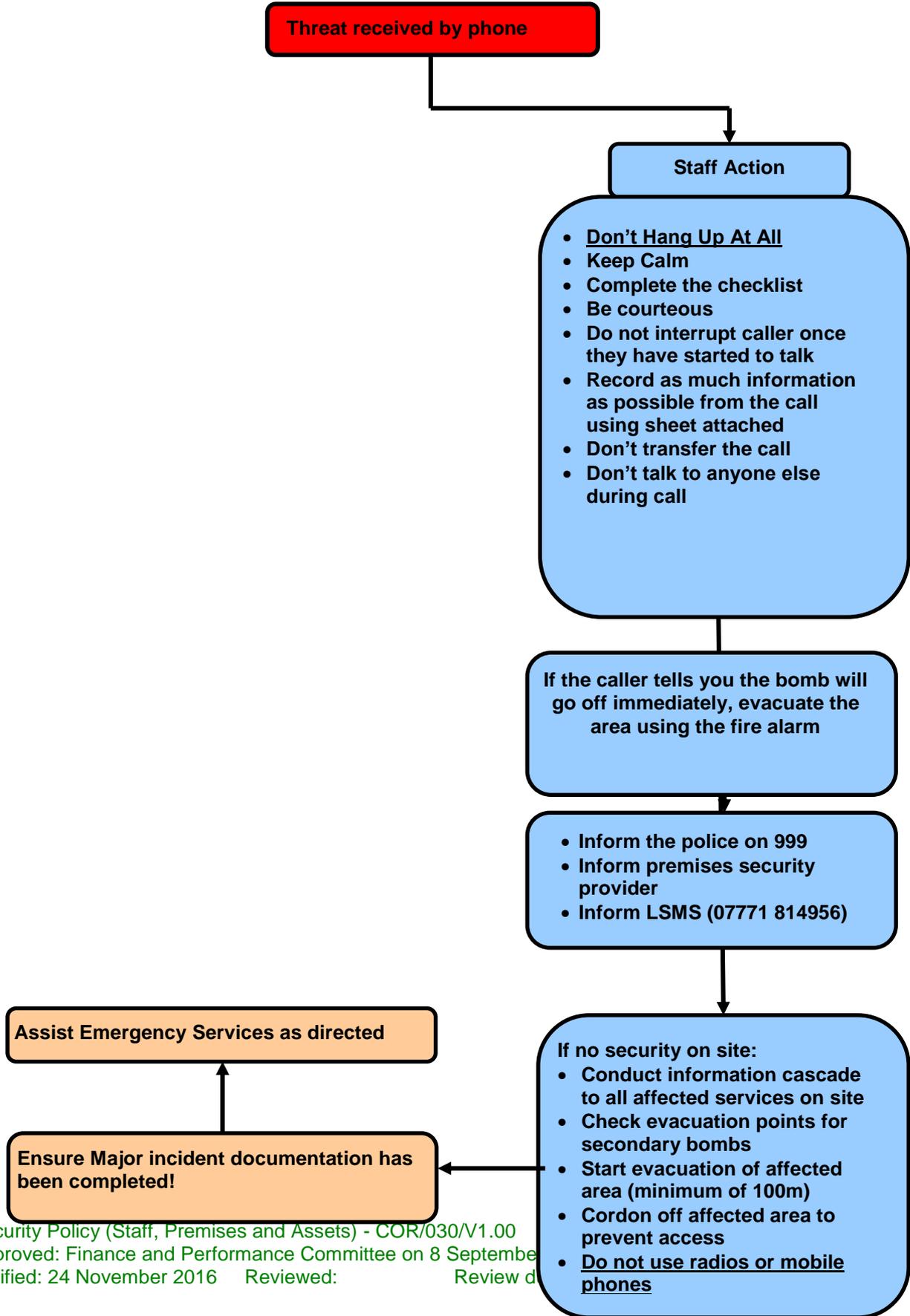
12. Calling the Police

See NHCCG Security Policy (COR-030 Appendix B).

Calling the Police for Assistance



Telephone Bomb Threat



Actions to be taken on receipt of a telephone bomb threat

- Switch on tape recorder (if present and connected)
- Tell the caller which town / location you are answering from
- **Record the exact wording of the threat:**

Ask the following questions:

- Where is the bomb right now? _____
- When is it going to explode?

- What does it look like? _____
- What kind of bomb is it?

- What will cause it to explode? _____
- Did you place the bomb? _____
- Why? _____
- What is your name? _____
- What is your address? _____
- What is your telephone number? _____

Record time call completed: _____

DO NOT HANG UP AFTER THE CALL

Where "Caller ID" is available, record number shown: _____

Contact the police on 999. Time informed _____

Inform Security and/or the Site and Duty Manager

Name and telephone numbers of the people informed:

The following part should be completed once the caller has rung off and the Police (also LSMS & Duty Manager) have been informed.

Time and date of call: _____

Length of call: _____

Number at which call was received (i.e. your extension number): _____

About the caller

Sex of caller: _____

Nationality: _____

Estimated age: _____

Threat language (tick)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Well spoken?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Taped message?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Incoherent?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Irrational?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Offensive?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Message read by threat-maker?

Caller's voice (tick all that apply)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Lisp?	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Crying?	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Clearing throat?	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Angry?	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Nasal?	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Slurred?	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Excited?	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Stutter?	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Disguised?	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Slow?	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Calm?	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Accent?	If so, what type? _____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rapid?	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Deep?	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Hoarse?	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Laughter?	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Familiar?	If so, whose voice did it sound like? _____

Background sounds (tick all that apply)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Street noises?
<input type="checkbox"/>	House noises?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Animal noises?
<input type="checkbox"/>	Crockery?

	Motor?	
	Clear?	
	Voice?	
	Static?	
	PA system?	
	Booth?	
	Music?	
	Factory machinery?	
	Office machinery?	
	Other?	(specify) _____

Other remarks

Signature _____

Date _____

Print name _____